



7-30-1901

The Lantern, Chester S.C.- July 30, 1901

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Recommended Citation

Bigham, J T., "The Lantern, Chester S.C.- July 30, 1901" (1901). *The Chester Lantern 1901*. 55.
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THE PLANTER.

Vol. IV. No. 84.

CHESTER, S. C., TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1901.

PUBLISHED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS
Subscription Price, \$1.00 Ann.

APPLICABLE TO CHESTER.

Some Sense in re Good Roads—Immense Loss Now Entailed On Our Farmers.

If there is any thing which can be considered as preeminently important to the farmer it is good roads. The cost of bad roads is the loss of time, the injuring of stock, the wear and tear on vehicles and harness is something enormous, and to speak of the worry occasioned by hauling light loads with great difficulty through deep mud. There is no reason why our people should consent to draw their wagons along muddy roads as their fathers have done, expect the lack of progressive spirit which makes us poor and keeps us so.

Laurens county could not do a better thing than to heavily invest in good roads. The saving to the farmers would much more than offset the cost.

The first thing to do in establishing a good road system is to desert the old one, except where it is a good one, and this occurs very seldom in Laurens county.

To give a few instances of badly laid off roads: there is a stretch of two miles of road from Col. Williams' place three miles east of Cross Hill, running towards Vaughnsville, which covers four or five choppy hills of clay road which is almost always bad and sometimes practically impossible for loaded teams.

If this road were to incline to the left at Col. Williams' place, running from a hundred yards to a quarter of a mile north of the old road for these two miles, the distance would be shortened and not a single hill would have to be climbed in the entire distance.

Again, if the road from the Sullivan place by the double bridges across the two Rains' towards Laurens were laid off from Mr. Wat Nickle's place, running south of the old road, turning gradually down the hill west of South Rains, crossing that stream several hundred yards below the present crossing and keeping along the foot of the hills till North Rains, it would be five hills, stony, rocky and always rough or muddy would be avoided in the course of two miles.

An easy, good road is practicable, and the distance would actually be shortened. This is one of the worst roads in the county and it could be made one of the best. We could mention a number of other glaring instances where the old road has been almost criminally laid out in the worst possible way for travel and for keeping it in order. A few thousand dollars spent in surveying and purchasing good road beds would be the first and most important work in road reform in Laurens county.

Why do our farmers not insist upon this immensely important improvement, rather than waste their time and kill their stock trying to get their products to market over impassable roads?

After we have properly surveyed roads, we should then purchase road machines enough to throw up these roads to a convex form so that they will shed water. Next, the sandy roads should be treated with coatings of clay to give them solidity and the clay roads should be given sand to keep them from cutting up. In this way solid roads may be had the year round. Later McCadam roads might be built, or dirt roads oiled and made into permanent boulevards.

We have no figures to give, but we are impressed that the immense loss now entailed upon our farmers by the miserable roads which they have to travel could be cut in half or even further reduced by an expenditure of say a hundred thousand dollars in road making. The county could float bonds to this end on a low rate of interest, while money is cheap. No better time could be had for such a reform than the present and we will never be a prosperous and wealthy people until we spend this money. County officials who have no progressive ideas, should be retired from office. Those who are willing to get on the band wagon and lead the pro-

cession of progress should be retained. But people and office holders alike should start at once to make the county an up-to-date, progressive, money making and money saving county. Old methods have become ridiculous. They have no place in the new era. There is nothing on the face of the earth less aggressive and progressive than county government as it is administered in South Carolina. But the people will not put up with it indefinitely. We must get rid of our bad roads, a relic of a half-savage state; otherwise we will never keep up with the material progress of other states and counties.

Anderson and Pickens have already had their roads surveyed and worked with road machines. Greenwood and Abbeville have done something in the same line. Richland and Darlington are setting an example of making good roads by mixing sand and clay. Laurens has done nothing, nothing, nothing. —Clinton Chronicle.

It Dazzles The World.

No discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of consumption, pneumonia, hemorrhage, electricity and bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For coughs, colds, asthma, croup, hay fever, hoarseness and whooping cough, it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by Woods Drug Co. who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

Advices Shredding Corn.

BANKS, July 26.—I see a great deal lately in several agricultural papers about shredding corn for forage, and think it a good time for the farmers to give this matter some attention, as the corn crop is about as near a failure this year as it can be, and as the corn that was planted early will soon be ready to cut down for forage as the most of it will be too small to pull the fodder and stalk, and if the corn is cut off at the ground and run through a shredder it will nearly double the amount of feed that they will have in pulling the fodder. I don't think it will be long before there will be but little fodder pulled in this section when they try cutting up stalk with fodder, as I believe it is the most economical way to feed the crop. I used a shredder last fall and winter, and am well pleased with its result, and will shed my crop this year.

If the farmers will cut their corn down and shock it and let it cure this way some one in each neighborhood will get Monocot shredders and go around and shred the corn crop as they go around threshing small grain, and if the corn is cut off at the ground and run through a shredder it will nearly double the amount of feed that they will have in pulling the fodder.

Cotton has made wonderful improvement for the last 8 or 10 days, but the most of it is small yet, and is not made yet, by any means, as no one can tell what the crop will do before September 10th or 15th, for the crop is tender and full of sap and should it turn dry for 10 days or two weeks it might be cut off considerably. There is still a good deal of grass in some of the cotton, but the time of year is here for laying by the crop and some have commenced already to ginning. Well, it is getting about that enough now to lay by, but I will work mine awhile longer.

I see there are a good many people going to North Carolina to summer resorts. I would like very much to go, but can't leave my crop at this time. I understand that Mr. B. E. Keil, of Banks, expects to go next week for his health. Mr. Joseph Lindsey, of Chester, was at Banks to-day. He has visited this community several times this year, but I don't think he comes for his health as he is looking very well.

The least in quantity and most in quality describes DeWitt's Little Pills, the famous pills for constipation, and other complaints. Pryor-McKee Drug Co.

CAUSE OF BALDNESS.

Dr. Parker, of Detroit, Says It Is Bad Breathing.

That baldness is merely a matter of breathing is a theory which has been promulgated by Dr. De los L. Parker, who is lecturer on materia medica in the Detroit College of Medicine, has made a series of interesting experiments in support of his hypothesis, the results of which he gives at length in the Medical Record.

Dr. Parker believes that air which is drawn into the lungs and allowed to remain in the air cells there is decomposed by the most warmth of the body, throwing off a poison, "trichotoxoidin," into the blood, which causes the hair to fall out. The reason why baldness is so much more common among men than among women, he says, is that the habit of wearing corsets forces women to use the upper part of the lungs in breathing, and it is there that the hair poison is chiefly generated.

In order to prove his theory, Dr. Parker had baldheaded men exhale their breath into a vessel free from air, and it was transferred into bottles partly filled with water. After permitting it to remain in the bottles long enough to impregnate the water with the hair poison the water was injected into the skin of bald men and hens and pigeons. The result was that, the hair of the dogs and the feathers of the hens and pigeons fell out while the injections were continued and grew when they ceased.

Millions of tiny hollow spaces known as "air cells" occur in the lungs. They vary in size from one two-hundredth of an inch to one seventh of an inch in diameter. If they could all be opened and spread out they would cover an area from 100 to 150 times greater than the skin. These air cells are gathered into groups less than an inch in diameter, and each group is connected with the bronchial tubes. Owing to this arrangement air may be taken into and expelled from the lungs of the groups of air cells while it remains motionless and stagnant in them.

When the ribs which enclose the upper portion of the chest are raised and lowered in breathing air is taken into and expelled from every part of the lungs, because all the ribs are connected, and the upper ones cannot be raised without raising the lower ones, thus expanding the entire cavity. Women usually employ this method of breathing, but when the lower ribs are raised it does not follow that the extreme upper ribs must move too.

Dr. Parker also points out that in ordinary breathing only one-third of the air in the lungs is driven out with each breath. The air expelled from the lungs contains very small quantities of organic matter, as well as hydrogen, and marsh gas has been established by research. From birth to death the lungs are never entirely empty of stagnant air containing these substances.

Persons who lead sedentary lives are especially likely to become bald, because lack of exercise reduces the amount of oxygen obtained by the blood and tends to prevent full breathing. The habit of bending over desks, which contracts the upper parts of the lungs and keeps them contracted, has the same effect. In old age baldness becomes common because the ribs grow more rigid and are less easily moved.

When Dr. Parker began his experiments he obtained from a middle aged man who had long been bald, a large bag full of expired hair. This was transferred to a bottle partly filled with water, and placed in an incubator, where it was kept for ten days, at a temperature of 98 degrees. Injections of the impregnated water were made daily in a fox terrier and a hen. After fourteen injections the dog commenced to lose its hair and the hen's feathers. After fifty-two injections large bare patches were visible on both subjects.

Neither subject showed any signs of disturbed health during

the progress of the experiments. The dog played as usual, and seemed to be in good spirits, while the hen continued to lay eggs. Their weight remained unchanged. After the injections ceased a new coat of hair covered the bare patches on the dog and the hen got her feathers back.

Convinced that his theory was correct, Dr. Parker determined to make a new set of experiments, in October of last year. First he obtained the breath of a man who was not bald, then he filled a flask with the breath of a man who was not bald, and finally one containing ordinary atmospheric air. All three were placed in the incubator to allow decomposition to take place. In this experiment he used one fox terrier, five hens and five pigeons, all fully grown.

Injections into the dog from the two flasks of expired air, one from a bald man and one from a man not bald, had the same effect as in the first experiment. Similar treatment of the hens and pigeons was followed by the same results. Only those treated with the liquid from the first two flasks were affected.

Dr. Parker concludes from these experiments that when human breath is kept long enough to allow decomposition of the organic matter which it contains to take place it creates a poison which in the blood of certain animals acts upon the hair and similar tissues and has no other effect. Summing up the results of his investigations, Dr. Parker says:

"It seems not unreasonable to conclude that baldness, the type under consideration, is caused by an auto-infection in which trichotoxoidin is taken up by the blood from the air cells of the lungs, where it has been elaborated during the decomposition of organic matter normally present in expired air."

Though Dr. Parker does not suggest a remedy for any person threatened with baldness, he test the theory by habitually breathing with the entire lungs. If Dr. Parker is correct, this expedient ought to stop the falling of the hair.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great contention was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was yellow jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful stomach and liver medicine, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Write for free sample. Sold by Woods Drug Co.

Edward Won't Kiss.

LONDON, July 25.—King Edward has decided on the abrogation of the kiss, which etiquette has heretofore been prescribed as a necessity on the part of the person presented at court. This kiss merely consisted of the touching of the royal hand with lips, but his majesty has a rooted objection to promiscuous osculation in any form. He, however, claims for himself the royal prerogative of kissing when and whom he chooses.

As is known, the king has decided to cut out that portion of the time-immemorial coronation ceremony by which the monarch is kissed by every peer-present. There is a story told that when this question came up the king said: "Imagine me compelling Devonshire to kiss me."

The significance of the royal joke is that both the king and the Duke of Devonshire wear full beards. "I have been suffering from dyspepsia for the past twenty years, and have been unable after trying all preparations and physicians to get any relief. After taking one bottle of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure I found relief and am now in better health than I have been for twenty years. I can not praise Kodol Dyspepsia Cure too highly." Thus writes Mrs. C. T. Pryor-McKee Drug Co., Creek, Ark.

WHERE THE BEES HIVED.

Mistook Man's Face for a Gum and He Had an Awful Experience.

Fountain Ferry Park was the scene of a "stunt" not down on the programing. A swarm of honey bees mistook Felt Carey's face for a hive, and it would have been converted into a sieve had not his nerve and presence of mind come to his rescue.

Carey is a truck farmer. Yesterday afternoon he and his hired man took a half holiday and went to the river fishing. Carey has a fondness for honey bees, and he glanced at the trees overhead and saw a swarm of bees hived on the lowest bough.

The hired man believed that if the queen could be caught the rest would be easy. Carey agreed that it was a good scheme. But how was the capture of the queen to be effected? The two holiday fishermen earnestly discussed the plan of battle.

"You get a nail keg," finally said the farmer to the hired man, and his tone was that of a man who had solved a difficult problem. So commanding was the tone that the hired man obeyed with alacrity, and a few minutes later he returned with a battered nail keg.

"Now I'll stand under the tree. You hit it easy, not hard, mind you, and a few of the bees will be knocked off. Then you hit it again and a few more will fall. Then when they see the nice cozy quarters of their companions they'll all come, and all we'll have to do will be to carry them home."

Carey took his position under the tree. The hired man secured his blood and raised it for a gentle tap, when one of the guards of the pesky army stung him on the neck. The pole came down with a resounding whack. There could be no doubt about the bees being startled. In an instant they were swarming about the truck-farmer. He stood perfectly still. Maybe it may have been what he claims as presence of mind.

Then came his awful experience. As the bees recovered from the shock they naturally looked for a place to swarm. One of them alighted on the farmer, then another, and in a few seconds Carey thought that every bee in the universe was hovering on his face. Only by batting his eyes constantly could he keep them from settling on the lids. One or two started up his nostrils, but he began to breathe through his nose, and they evidently found not air disagreeable.

His predicament was serious. He knew that if he moved all would be lost, and that a thousand "stingers" would find a resting place on his face. But it was impossible for him to remain forever in his present position, and he cautiously stuck out one foot, just a few inches, but he felt as if he had a new lease on life when he found that the bees did not resent it. He was about two blocks from the end of Fountain Ferry Park line, and it took him an hour to traverse the distance. There were many stops, for the bees often became restless.

When he reached the track a car was waiting to begin the journey toward the city. There were several passengers on board. One of them saw the farmer, threw up his hands, and at the end of his voice yelled, "Smalloop!"

The other passengers, the motorman and the conductor saw the man advancing, and there was a panic. They fell over one another to get to a safe distance.

Carey was in an awful fix. He could not move a muscle on his face, but he longed to laugh, while he saw the consternation that he caused, and yet he could not open his lips to tell of his predicament. Possibly the happiest moments of his life was when he saw the hired man coming with the old nail keg.

hold the keg under his bowed head. Then he shook himself, gently at first, and then more forcibly, and finally every bee was safely transferred to the keg. He tied his waistcoat over the open end and trudged homeward, the proud possessor of a hive of bees.

"Funny," he remarked to the hired man, "When the first bee hit me I thought of a story I heard when I was a boy. I used to hear that if a snake or a bee got you you all you had to do was to stand still and they'd think you were a tree or something, and wouldn't hurt you."—Sumerville (Mass.) Journal.

A Poor Millionaire

Lately stricken in London because he could not digest his food. Early use of Dr. King's new life pill would have saved him. They strengthen the stomach, aid digestion, promote assimilation, improve appetite. Price 25c. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by Woods Drug Company.

More Broad Gauge Talk.

Information obtained from one of the Carolina & North-Western road officials tends to the belief that road will not be acquired by the Seaboard Air Line, notwithstanding it has been otherwise stated. Just as soon as the rails can be secured this road will be made a broad gauge.

At this time it is almost impossible to buy railroad iron from the mills, on account of the large orders that have previously been placed in this country by European roads, and then, too, the strikes now so prevalent are retarding the work of the big steel rail works. The Narrow Gauge lost heavily in the recent floods by losing trestles and by a number of serious washouts. The road has been thoroughly repaired and is now in excellent condition. At the Cliffs an eating house has been established for the accommodation of passengers going to Blowing Rock. Twenty-five minutes is given for dinner, and the train arrives at Cliffs at 1 o'clock, when a time. No time is lost at Lenoir. Hacks are in waiting when the train pulls into the station, and those bound for the mountains are immediately taken up and the trip to Blowing Rock is quickly made. Many improvements have been mapped out to be made at the Cliffs before another season. This will be done by the Carolina and North-Western road. A fine hotel will probably be built to take the place of the one that was destroyed by the flood a month ago. The Cliffs is already one of the most beautiful picnic grounds in North Carolina, and when this is changed to a broad gauge, it will be the scene of many excursion parties from Charlotte and other points. General Manager Nichols is working like a Trojan to get the road bed of the Narrow Gauge in good condition by the time the rails are received in the fall for the broadening of the gauge. All trestles and bridges that are being built and improved are made strong and broad so that no change will be necessary.—Blowing Rock special of July 20th to Charlotte Observer.

Big Population.

The population of the United States is put down at 71,303,387, an increase of 21 per cent. for the past ten years. With a like increase for the next ten years, to 1901, will give us a population of about 90,000,000. The census for 1901 did include Porto Rico and the Philippines.—Palmetto Post.

She Didn't Wear a Mask.

But her beauty was completely hidden by sores, blotches and pimples till she used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Then they vanished as by magic, her sores, blotches, pimples, carbuncles, boils, ulcers, burns, scalds and piles. Cure guaranteed. 25c at Woods Drug Co.

Here's a good one on the Philippine question: "Spain had a tiny little lamb, the meekest lamb around; she sold the lamb to Uncle Sam for twenty million dollars; then Sam he took it by the tail to lead it home you know, the mutton rate turned out a bear, and Sam cannot let it go."

Towne Suggests Hill.

"In my opinion, Senator Hill of New York, will be the next candidate for president of the regular Democratic party, and the platform adopted will, I believe the party will split in 1904 and Mr. Bryan will lead a third party faction in support of the issues to which he is still loyal. The feeling among democrats throughout the west is that they want to win, and they don't care a rap, what sort of a platform they win on. There is a strong feeling in that section for the nomination of Mr. Hill or some other western man and the adoption of a platform that will do a real repudiation of the issues of 1860 and 1900."

This was said a few days ago by Charles A. Towne, formerly of Duluth, Minn., and the free silver republican, now of the Texas oil fields and plutocracy, to the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Record-Herald.

Mr. Towne was in Washington for the purpose of selling his fellow plutocrats in Wall street a few shares of stock and some bonds of the oil octopus of which he is president. His stock he guarantees verbally to pay 100 per cent. per year in dividends. He is also promoting a new company to handle the by-product of his oil wells.

"The free silver question is absolutely dead in the west," continued Mr. Towne. "It will not only not be an issue in 1904, but I don't believe it will be mentioned in the democratic platform or campaign. Our position on free silver in 1860 and 1900 was misunderstood. We were not demanding that market and profit for the silver miners; but more money for the country to keep up prices. God in His wise providence has provided a vast increase in the supply of gold, and to-day there is more money in the country than there would have been if the gold supply had remained stationary, and the mints had been opened to the free coinage of silver. So long as the present condition continues, or the supply of gold continues to increase, there can be no successful or serious demand for the free coinage of silver. Certainly that demand cannot again be made an issue in the national campaign until there is a big change in industrial or financial conditions."

Mr. Towne said that he was glad to see that Mr. Bryan had condemned the Ohio democrats for their refusal to stand by the national platform.

"It is just like the man," he said. "Mr. Bryan is certainly loyal to his principles and he is a hard man to down; but I don't believe he can again be the candidate of a united party for the office of president. All the indications in the west now point to a reactionary platform three years hence, and an eastern man as the nominee. Such a result, as I said, may cause Mr. Bryan to lead a bolt."

You are much more liable to disease when your liver and bowels do not act properly. DeWitt's Little Early Risers remove the cause of disease. Pryor-McKee Drug Co.

The Evident Result.

It is now evident that the McLaurin commercial democracy will verge into a white republican party in South Carolina and that they will endeavor to enlist the wealth of the state in the new party and make an effort to bring the state into republican ranks at the next presidential election. — Gastonia News.

The Orangeburg Times and Democrat hits the nail pump on the head when it calls him "Artful Latimer."—Palmetto Post.

TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1901.

Villagers Sight Seeing.

Some gentlemen from the neighboring village of Chester, while sight seeing in the city, came upon the Friedheim building and its dimensions and magnificence took their breath. They had to admit that the half had not been told—Rock Hill Herald.

We don't know who these gentlemen were, but we would just like to ask you, Bro. H. H. H. If you people had been giving them to drink during their stay in your city. They evidently saw two houses where there's only one. Your Friedheim building is certainly a nice one, and we can readily understand how your people who live in a "city" can brag about the only thing of the kind you have, but we cannot understand how anybody who lives in a "village" like this should lose their breath at the sight of it, for we have a dozen larger buildings than it is, and several decidedly more magnificent.

A Bad Beginning.

In these days of organizations and trusts we believe the farmers should be organized in some way or other in order to hold their own and we have been much pleased to note the recent efforts of the leaders of the Farmer's Alliance to reorganize that noble order. There is no question but that the Alliance has done good in the past, and that it can and will do good in the future, if they will profit by the mistakes of the past. Everybody agrees that politics was the cause of its downfall, and it strikes us as very strange that they should allow this agent of discord and destruction to attend their very first efforts to reorganize. Mr. J. T. Bigham, of Lancaster, is one of the prime movers in this laudable effort at reorganization, and yet we see by last week's Lancaster papers that he announces himself as a candidate for re-election to the office of public cotton weigher for that place and adds this sentence to his card: "I have the unanimous endorsement of the county alliance."

We have had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Nibbet once, and judging from what we saw of him on that occasion, he is a good, honest, clever man, and our advice to him is to cut this sentence from his announcement and go before the people on his merits, without reference to his Alliance affiliations. We also take occasion to say to the gentlemen who are trying to instill new life into the Farmer's Alliance that they will profit by their past experience, they will put a provision in their constitution forbidding any member to use his connection with the order to advance his political ambitions.

Peace and Harmony.

Governor McSweeney refused to accept the joint resignations of Senators Tillman and McLaurin for the reason, as he said, that the people of our state expected, and were entitled to, one year of peace and harmony. At the time we thought the Governor had done a good thing, but like us he evidently had not put his ear to the ground in some time.

The people certainly are entitled to a year of rest from political turmoil, but they neither expect nor want what they are entitled to. The campaign between the two contending forces within the democratic party is now on, and it is in earnest. Instead of having the matter fought out and settled this summer, as would have been done had the resignations of the senators been accepted, we are now in for a fight that will last until the primary election of 1902. And it is a fight that is going to be waged contently and with a great deal of bitterness. The action of the state executive committee in denouncing McLaurin and asking him to resign may or may not have been a mistake—we do not stop to discuss that phase of the matter here—but we think we see in it the beginning of a warfare that will shake the democratic party from center to circumference. The struggle between the dollar and the man has been going on in other sections of this Union for years, and now it has invaded the solid south. Whether or not it will be a fight between republicanism and democracy

In name, it will be exactly that in fact, for sooner or later the "communalist" will discover, what every body else sees now, that he is wearing the glittering crown of republicanism and he will be forced to acknowledge it.

We hear a great many people wondering what the result of all this will be. We are neither a prophet nor the son of a prophet, but gazing into the dim and distant future we think that we can see much good in it. We have often times been told that God had nothing to do with politics, but we believe that the same hand that directeth all things well, guides politics, too. The white republican party that is certain to take the field will free us from the "black and tan" element that has in the past caught up the crumbs that fell from the federal table, and we will have no more lynchings in this country on account of negroes being put into office. It will give the republicans among us an opportunity of freely expressing themselves at the ballot box without having to wear a false name, and to swallow an oath that they never mean to keep. It will be the means of freeing the democratic party from a false and discordant element, and it will stop fraud in the elections.

We don't know what others think about it, but as for us we are glad the light is on. The old democratic party is good enough for us, but we believe we will like it better when the dress—both populist and republican—is burnt away and the pure gold of Jefferson and Jackson is left.

Editorial Correspondence.

ABOARD THE ALBANY.
Hudson River, July 26, 1901.
"O Mister Captain, stop this ship; I want to get out and walk."

I wrote a postal card just as we were leaving Norfolk. The Atlantic was pacific all night, and up to 11 o'clock yesterday, those of us party who had curiosity to experience sea-sickness felt disappointed, but about that time the sea became rough and there were few who did not become sick. Some were seasick, but I thought they were going to die and did not care much if they did, but nearly all recovered at least partially before we arrived at New York. Two or three did not get sick, and about as many more, who succeeded in controlling outward manifestation of their inward feelings, would not own it. It was noted, however, that some of these were not seen around during the epidemic.

When we reached New York we went to the Colonnade hotel, by previous arrangement. It is not one of the fine hotels, but more suitable for most of our party. We had lodgings only there, and ate anywhere or not at all, as we pleased. I could not tell you all the people we saw in the city. The only one I knew was Ed McDonald, Esq., of Winstboro, who was at our hotel and placed some of us under obligation for attention and kindness that were very much appreciated. We ran about over the city during the remainder of the afternoon and evening. There are under ground, surface and elevated electric street cars. On some thronged streets there are only horse cars, and no kind of street car is allowed to disturb the opulent residents of Fifth Avenue.

We took a stage and went several miles on Fifth Avenue. The "stage" is a very convenient—poor folks' conveyance, carrying them a long distance for five cents. I accepted the driver's invitation to take a high seat with him, and so had a good view with full explanation. The old man said he was partial to southern people. He traveled through our country with John Robinson's circus 40 years ago. He told me how good President McKinley is and how like magic prosperity sprang up when he was elected. He pointed out the bodies and head quarters of republican leaders and organizations, including the Union League, and had a word of praise for each, but he thought Richard Croker a very corrupt man.

Of course the reader knows that Fifth Avenue is the home of the millionaires. They are almost as numerous there as poor people in Chester. Most of these homes, however, are elegant and they lack some elements of a desirable home. They front right out on the street like business houses, without any yard, grass or sand for the children, and many of them

are built in blocks with other houses or nearly adjoining others. Central Park is a fine place on a large scale, a welcome relief surely for people packed together in the city.

We saw Wall Street, which we have heard so much about, though only the street. We took only outside views of the city.

It was raining this morning when we left for Albany, but the sun came out in the afternoon. It has been quite cool to-day.

So much has been written about the scenery along the Hudson that it is useless to attempt any description. I don't think, however, that any pen can do it more than justice. I had always imagined that the hills were higher and nearer the river farther up, and that lower down the river were to be found some low lands along the river and the hills farther back and not so high. Just the reverse is true. For a long way from the lower end the high hills and bluffs came right to the edge of the water. Up nearer Albany, there are more or less low and marshy lands between the river and the hills. For many miles out of New York city, beautiful houses are all over the hills so thick that you cannot determine where the city ends, and houses, dot the hills all the way up, especially on the east side. I will make no attempt to mention places of interest, which are numerous. Part of the foregoing was written on the boat, but we are now in Albany, at Stanwix Hall (hotel). We arrived a little after 6 p. m. Some of us went out over the city as far as possible in the time we had. The capital building is a magnificent structure. Albany has many fine buildings, a great many beautiful residences, well back from the streets and surrounded by perfectly kept lawns. Some of the streets run up hills as steep as any in Chester, and much longer. The trolly cars seem to have no trouble in climbing them.

It is now 11:15 p. m. We leave in the morning for Buffalo.

J. T. B.

Cut In Two!

The prices on our PATTERN HATS have been halved. If you want one of these fine hats call early—ONLY SIX LEFT.

This has been our best season and we want to close out the stock on hand to make room for our big fall stock.

No extra charge for Latin, French and Bookkeeping.

For catalogue, address—
Rev. A. G. KIRKPATRICK,
1111 All Healing, N. C.

HOTEL DEALF.

New Furniture and Everything Up to date. Beds clean and comfortable. Building just remodelled. The famous Big J. Restaurant has been merged into this hotel. Meals served on the European or American plan, to suit guests. Board and lodging furnished on easy terms. Main entrance, Gadsden Street.

FINE GROCERIES, ETC.

We carry a nice line of fine groceries, confectioneries, coffees, teas, flour, lard, bacon, hams, shoulders, meal—anything in the grocery line.

Thanking our white and colored friends for past patronage, we remain—
Your humble servants,
JOHNSON & CO.

Phone 73.
PORTLAND CEMENT.

Just received a Car Load of the well known LEHIGH Brand Portland Cement, guaranteed 900 pounds to the barrel. This cement is cheaper to use than the low grade cements, as it will take more sand and set harder than any other.

This is the highest grade Portland made.

Price, \$2.75 per barrel.

McLURE'S Hardware Store,
CHESTER, S. C.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors.

In the District Court of the United States—For the District of Chester. In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JOSEPH GROESCHKE, Bankrupt.

To the Creditors of Joseph Groeschke, of Chester, in the County of Chester, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1901, the said JOSEPH GROESCHKE, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office in Chester on the 19th day of August, A. D. 1901, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

J. J. McLURE,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
Chester, S. C., July 22, 1901.

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR PICKLING.

MOTT'S Pure Apple Vinegar

Free from Acids and Adulteration, None Better.

Summer Specialties:

GRAPE JUICE
Ginger Ale
Ice Cream

Acid Iron Mineral
Nature's Great Remedy.

For sale by
Jos. A. Walker

Cut In Two!

The prices on our PATTERN HATS have been halved. If you want one of these fine hats call early—ONLY SIX LEFT.

This has been our best season and we want to close out the stock on hand to make room for our big fall stock.

No extra charge for Latin, French and Bookkeeping.

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This is the highest grade Portland made.

Price, \$2.75 per barrel.

McLURE'S Hardware Store,
CHESTER, S. C.

Possession



Is nine points in law and possession of REAL ESTATE is nine-tenths of what constitutes real contentment.

Are you contented? If not, Why Not?

Friday, August 2nd, 9:30 a. m.

The tract of land lying in the North-western portion of the city, fronting on Center St. and now owned by Messrs. S. E. McFadden and T. H. White, will be cut into RESIDENCE LOTS and sold.

At AUCTION ON EASY TERMS

Only one-fourth cash, balance in 12 monthly payments, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum.

THE FREE LOT

Everybody attending the sale is entitled to a chance on the free lot. You don't have to bid or buy. JUST BE THERE.

FREE CARRIAGES will leave Hotel Chester promptly at 9 a. m. and take every body to the sale.

Chase Your Dollars into a Home!
You can never make a safer investment. The cashier won't run off with it. It will never go out of business and it can't run away. On a rainy day you will have shelter even if you don't have anything to eat. There is not a person who has seen Chester that can fail to realize its progress, its stability and its future, each year shows repeated success to those who invest in ventures based upon the permanence of this beautiful city and THIS IS ONE OF THE INVESTMENTS THAT IS SOLID AND SAFE AND AT THE SAME TIME CANNOT FAIL TO BE PROFITABLE.

Let everybody take a half holiday and attend the real estate picnic.

Don't forget the day and Date—Friday, AUGUST 2nd, 9:30 a. m.
Any information cheerfully given by calling on or addressing

The National Auction and Improvement Co.,

JOSEPH H. PHILLIPS, President, Brunswick, Ga.
Or WILLIAM L. PHILLIPS, Rep., Hotel Chester, Chester, S. C.

THE REPAIR HOUSE FURNISHES



...CHESTER... MILLINERY COMPANY

JAPANESE Lanterns

To Burn

W. R. NAIL'S Red Racket & Furniture Store.

Come to THE Cheap Store

With your money and you will find out for a certainty that our system of merchandising is a winner. We sell cheap not only because we can, but because WE WILL.

Farmers, come and get a BACK BAND for your mule, only 5 cents, worth 20c.

W. R. NAIL'S Red Racket & Furniture Store.

It will go further than any other. Varnishes, White Lead, Wood Stains, and Murusco, the best Wall Finish on the market. Call for color cards at

Jos. A. Walker's.

Price, \$2.75 per barrel.

McLURE'S Hardware Store,
CHESTER, S. C.

THE LANTERN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
TWO DOLLARS A YEAR, CASH.

Telephone No. 64.
TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1901.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Advertisements inserted under this head at 10 cents a line.
No advertisements inserted as reading matter.

Job Printing—We have all the new type faces and can turn out up-to-date job work on very short notice. Our prices are very reasonable for first-class work. Try us.

LOCAL NEWS.

Miss Rena DaVega arrived from New York Saturday.

Mrs. J. G. Burris has returned from a visit to Charlotte.

Mrs. E. B. Sligh returned from Charleston yesterday.

Mr. J. E. Dunbar has gone to Woodward for a few days.

Miss Della Dunbar has returned to her home in Newberry.

Mr. Jas. E. Douglass, of Blackstock, is in the city.

Mr. Baxter Moore left last night for the University of Virginia.

Mr. D. B. Lumpkin, of Rocky Mount, was in town Saturday.

Messrs. J. M. and T. J. Woods, of Lockhart, were here Saturday.

Miss Mayme Steele, of Rock Hill, is visiting at Col. E. T. Atkinson's.

Miss Strauss, of Charleston, S. C., is in the city visiting Miss Heyman.

Mr. W. W. Coogler and family returned last night from Connelly Springs.

Misses Robinson and Tongue, of Augusta, are visiting Mrs. S. E. Colvin.

Prof. W. S. Morrison, of Clemson College, was in the city yesterday.

Misses Louise McMurray, Kittle Kirkpatrick, of Fort Mill, are visiting Miss Margie Leckie.

Mr. W. H. Westbrook, of Lockhart, who is visiting at Fort Lawn is quite ill with typhoid fever.

Miss Vista Wood, of Rock Hill, visited the family of Mr. J. L. Wood Sunday and Monday.

Mr. J. Frazer Hardin sold a wagon load of fine watermelons on the street here yesterday.

Mr. C. H. Culp returned Saturday from a three weeks' visit to Baltimore and Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Ned Smearing have gone to Lenoir for a two weeks' sojourn in that cool atmosphere.

Rev. and Mrs. Leon T. Presly, of Elgin, are visiting Mrs. Presly's parents at Hickory Grove, S. C.

Miss Mamie Reid, of Rock Hill, who has been visiting Miss Ethel Cross, returned to her home Saturday morning.

Mr. Newton Whiteside, the senior member of the firm of Whiteside & Reid, of Lewisville, is in the city today.

Dr. Wylie Moore left last night for New York, where he will locate permanently for the practice of his profession.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. S. Marquis left yesterday morning for Tryon, N. C., where they will spend the month of August.

Mrs. S. J. Miss Etzie, and Mr. and Mrs. R. Brandt went up to Sharon today to spend a couple of days with Mrs. R. Brandt's parents.

Prof. Arthur Lowry, Miss Bessie Lowry, and their cousins, Misses Brownlee and Boyce, have returned from a very enjoyable trip to the mountains.

Misses Boyce and Brownlee, two of Due West's most charming and accomplished young ladies, are visiting their schoolmate, Miss Bessie Lowry, of Lenoirville.

The *Christian Index* of last week says: "Elberton has recently lost a useful citizen and the Baptist church a valuable member in the removal of Bro. W. D. Bewley to Chester, S. C. Bro. Bewley was a staunch supporter of his church and pastor, and a liberal one as well."

Somebody will win the free lot at the auction sale of town lots Friday, August 2nd, 9:30 a. m.

Liberty Baptists to Meet.

Mr. T. A. McInch requests us to say to all parties interested that they are expected to assemble at Liberty Baptist church on Thursday, August 8th, for the purpose of cleaning off the church yard.

Death of Mr. E. D. Mobley.

Mr. E. D. Mobley, the father of our townsman, Mr. David M. Mobley, died at his home near Blackstock last Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, and was buried the following day at Concord Presbyterian church, of which he has been a deacon for many years. Mr. Mobley was about 70 years of age.

Baseball News.

A game of baseball was played on the Chester field last Friday afternoon between Rock Hill and Chester. The Chester boys won an easy and glorious victory, the final count giving them to scores to their visitors' 2.

Another game will be played tomorrow afternoon beginning at 4:30 between the home team and the Lewisville team.

Free Carriages will convey everybody to the Auction Sale of residence lots Friday, August 2, 9:30 a. m.

Elders and Deacons' Convention.

The Elders and Deacons' Convention of Bethel Presbyterian church will convene in the Presbyterian church this evening at 8:30, and continue its sessions through Wednesday and Thursday. A full program has already been published in these columns. Rev. D. N. McLaughlin in speaking of the convention said: "In addition to the work suggested by the name of the convention, there will be much discussion of the religious life and Christian service. All themes will be treated in a popular manner, and the spiritual element made prominent in all the services. All these meetings will be open to the public and the Purify church people will gladly welcome to them their brethren of all denominations and the people of our community generally."

Free Carriages will convey everybody to the Auction Sale of residence lots Friday, August 2, 9:30 a. m.

More About Chester's Meeting.

The committee in charge of the big political meeting which is to be held here on Saturday, August 10th, met last Saturday in the law office of R. B. Caldwell, Esq., and sent out special invitations to the following distinguished gentlemen: Hon. B. R. Tillman, Hon. John L. McLaughlin, Hon. Jno. J. Hemphill, Hon. S. D. Henderson, Hon. J. S. Brice, Hon. A. C. Latimer, Gov. R. B. McSweney, Col. Wm. Jones and Col. Geo. Johnstone. And it is possible that others will be added to the list at the meeting this afternoon. As yet only two of these gentlemen have been heard from, Senator Tillman and Hon. J. S. Brice. Senator Tillman says it will be his pleasure to be here, and Mr. Brice says as he is not a candidate, he will give place to those who are.

Arrangements for the meeting are moving along nicely, and the success of the undertaking is assured. A full meeting of the entire committee on arrangements is to be held here on next Friday and every member should be present.

The easy terms will enable any one to secure one of those residence lots at the auction sale; Friday, August 2nd, 9:30 a. m.

Clyde Bigham Struck.

Clyde Bigham, a son of the late Harvey Bigham, who resides near Holifield postoffice in this county, was struck by lightning last Saturday afternoon while sitting in a door of Hollis & Gaston's store. The bolt first struck a window on the opposite side of the store, and after knocking out two or more panes of glass, seems to have divided. One current went through the floor, and knocked some pieces of rock from the pillow. The other passed through the store and out of the door in which Clyde was sitting. For awhile it was thought that Clyde was dead, and to all appearances he was, but the several gentlemen who were about the store at the time gave him immediate attention, and he is now considered to be getting along as well as could be expected. His lower limbs are considerably burnt, however, and the final result of the stroke can not yet be determined.

Outside of the slight damage done to the store room, and a slight shock suffered by Mr. Joe Gaston, no other damage was done.

Chapel Items.

CHAPEL, July 29.—Rev. G. M. Boyd will begin a protracted meeting next Sabbath at the Chapel. He will be assisted by Rev. J. E. Mahaffey. His many friends will be pleased to have him back again. Crops are progressing rapidly.

Miss Mary Lee Hardin, after attending summer school at Converse college and visiting friends in Gaffney and Jonesville returned Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Walter Lathan, of Blackstock, visited at Mr. J. N. Hardin's last week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Dorsey have been visiting relatives in Union.

Rev. Mr. Funderburk and family are visiting at Mr. W. E. Conley's also Mr. Sanders, of Columbia.

Mr. J. N. Hardin, Jr., is at home for a few days.

Miss Patsy C. Hardin and sister, Little Miss Nellie, are visiting Miss Fannie Gregory near Seely's Creek, SINA.

The easy terms will enable any one to secure one of those residence lots at the auction sale Friday, August 2nd, 9:30 a. m.

Rev. Allen's Appointments.

WYLLIE'S MILL, July 29th, 1901.—Services at Harmony are on the second and fourth Sundays of each month, at 11 a. m. Business conference on Saturday before the fourth Sunday.

Service at Fort Lawn are at 11 a. m. on the first and third Sundays of the month.

Services at Hopewell are on the first and third Sundays at 4 p. m.

The Sunday-School meets at each of these churches an hour before the preaching service. We extend a cordial invitation to every one to come and worship with us.

Bro. D. F. Crossland, of Lake City, S. C., will aid us in a series of meetings beginning on the second Sunday in August at Harmony church.

HENRY D. ALLEN.

McLaurin's Daughter Ill.

Since the action of the democratic executive committee, Senator McLaurin has been asked for representative newspapers for an expression of his views concerning the action of the committee.

Senator McLaurin and family left Bennettsville on account of a number of cases of typhoid fever in that town. One of his daughters was sick before leaving Bennettsville and since coming to Greenville the sickness has developed into typhoid fever.

Mrs. McLaurin and the sick child are at the home of Dr. A. J. S. Thomas, a relative of Mrs. McLaurin. Mr. McLaurin and his other children are on Paris mountain. The Senator comes to the city every day to be with his wife and child.

His entire time and thought are given to his suffering daughter and he ignores political matters, declining to discuss political conditions even with his most intimate friends. Consequently he cannot give out any matter for publication.—Greenville News.

Bethlehem's Annual.

The annual picnic at Bethlehem church will take place August 1st.

Refreshments will be sold by the ladies to help in the digging of a well on the church grounds. Come with well filled baskets and help make the day a success, socially and financially. COMMITTEE.

Special Term of Supreme Court.

Chief Justice McIVER has called a special term of the supreme court on October 7, to hear argument in the Florence waterworks case, and it is expected that other cities interested in like enterprises will also be heard.

Bryan on the Issue.

CHICAGO, July 26.—While here today Wm. J. Bryan, who is going home after a long tour of the east and south, said:

"Imperialism is still the great issue between the two political parties. The tariff to be sure is an important subject, but to my mind heart disease is a more serious malady than stomach ache."

Mr. R. Brandt leaves next Friday for the North to purchase his fall stock.

Some ten couples or more of Chester's four hundred drove out to Hardin's mill pond last evening and enjoyed a most delightful moonlight picnic.

If you want to secure a big bargain in a house and lot (or a desirable vacant lot) on Pinckney St., call at this office.

Better Weather Service.

The State of the 27th inst. is responsible for this statement:

Chief of Division James Berry, of the United States weather bureau at Washington, has written State Section Director Bauer, of the South Carolina section, calling attention to the small number of voluntary sections in South Carolina, and stating that the bureau is willing to waive the distance limit in the selection of stations in order that the number may be brought up to about double the present number. This is gratifying news.

What is still more gratifying is the following closing paragraph of the letter which would indicate that Chief Berry has seen a copy of the art edition of *The State*:

"While this will necessitate a much larger allotment for the South Carolina section than it will be possible to give other sections it is thought that the importance of South Carolina as an agricultural state justifies the action. At present South Carolina has a smaller number of stations than any other section—less than one-third those of Nevada, the least important of all the states from an agricultural standpoint."

Somebody will win the free lot at the auction sale of town lots Friday, August 2nd, 9:30 a. m.

Drought Broken.

The drought in the corn belt has been broken by a heavy rain on the 28th. Reports from the various sections of the belt indicate that the corn crop is in much better condition than was expected. It is said now that many places will make from one-third to a full crop.

Building Lots for Sale.

The magnificent property of Judge Brawley, situated between York and Saluda streets, has been surveyed into 24 desirable building lots, and a plat of the same made, and is now for sale.

No Auction! No Chance!

Every lot is a prize. The price is fixed. There is no cutting of prices and each purchaser can select the lot wanted and get value for it for every dollar invested.

Those wishing to buy for the purpose of building, can see the plat of the lots by calling upon the undersigned.

CALDWELL & GASTON, Attorneys.

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of Aiken & Dunlap has this day, by mutual consent, been dissolved. A. M. Aiken continues in business at the old stand and assumes all liability. All parties indebted to the old firm will please call at once and settle up.

A. M. AIKEN, C. L. DUNLAP.

I wish to thank the trade generally for kind patronage in the past and solicit a continuance of the same.

A. M. AIKEN.

Oehler's

PLACE OF BUSINESS

—IS UNEXCELLED

For the quality and character of its refreshments, confectionery and pastry; the very best is used in the composition of each and every article sold.

Then, too, you always receive such courteous treatment at OEHLEH'S that you always return,—h-n't that a fact? Be sure to visit OEHLEH'S with your best girl soon, "SURE."

Oehler.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors.

In the District Court of the United States—For the District of Chester—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of LOUIS SAMUELS, Bankrupt.

To the Creditors of LOUIS SAMUELS, of Chester, in the County of Chester and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1901, the said LOUIS SAMUELS was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office in Chester on the 8th day of August, A. D. 1901, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

J. J. MCLELLAN, Referee in Bankruptcy, Chester, S. C., July 27, 1901.

NOT SELLING

BUT ALMOST

GIVING AWAY

KLUTTZ' New York Racket has just about quit selling and is now almost giving away Dress Goods and Shirt Waist goods and Lawns, and Crash, and Foulards, and Men's Clothing, and Single Pants, and Boys' Suits, and Hats, and Shirts, and Shoes, and Slippers, and Parasols, and thousands of other goods all cut down to a cheaper than cheap price.

Kluttz' now has no thought of making money, he is simply after greatly reducing this tremendous stock of goods. He is determined to be quick about having a whole lot less goods even if he don't get in much cash.

Now if you be quick enough a world wondering surprise of good goods and cheaper than cheap cut down prices await you at your cheapest friend

KLUTTZ' New York Racket

Mr. W. F. Baxter of Northbrook, N. C. says he suffered with piles for fifteen years. He tried many remedies with no results until he used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve and that quickly cured him. Pryor-McKee Drug Co.

A Veteran in the Business
Upheld by His Record.

NO other firm in the city established in 1828 now exist.
NO question as to our fairness of prices.
NO limit to our willingness to show goods.
NO and to dainty delicacy.
NO such stock of clothes elsewhere in town.
NO approach to our Optical Department.
NO equal to our stock of Watches.
NO repairing too difficult for our skilled workmen.
NO stock coming in any of our broad guarantees.
NO customer remains dissatisfied who makes known any reasonable complaint.

R. BRANDT, The Jeweler and Optician,
Under Tower Clock, Chester, S. C.

WHY?
OWEN'S BREAD AND ROLLS ARE UN-X-L'D.

BECAUSE—His Baker spent seven years in learning how to make them.
BECAUSE—He uses pure high grade flour.
BECAUSE—It's regular and up to the standard.
BECAUSE—Every consumer who tries it wants it again.

J. A. Owen.

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE AT
COLVIN'S

We have commenced our Semi-Annual Clearance Sale of ALL SUMMER GOODS. Our entire stock of Millinery, and Millinery Trimmings, all Trimmings and Untrimmings Hats, Suits, Walking and Shirt Waist Hats at almost your own price.

We have a most Elegant Line of Millinery and Millinery Trimmings.

WASH DRESS GOODS!
Our entire line of Wash Dress Goods, consisting of Cotton Taffetas, Zephyrs, Serenaders, Dainties, Egyptian Tissues, Hindoo Cloths and Linen Effects, Linen and Silk Mixed Goods at actual New York cost. 1-2 piece Foulards at 62 cents, former price \$1. These prices are FOR CASH.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS.
Our entire line of OXFORDS and SANDALS at ACTUAL COST. No trading stamps or discounts allowed on these prices.

Yours for business,
Colvin & Co.

JOB PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION at The Lantern Office

Rubber Dollars!

YOU DON'T KNOW WHAT THEY ARE!
COME IN HERE AND WE WILL GIVE YOU SO MUCH GOOD VALUE FOR SUCH A SLIGHT AMOUNT OF EXPENDITURE THAT YOU WILL THINK YOUR MONEY IS ELASTIC.

GET MARRIED
and then see us. We can furnish your home and with but slight tax on the contents of your purse.

WE SELL SEWING MACHINES
All kinds, from the \$15.00 machines, made to sell only, to the

LIGHT RUNNING DOMESTIC
which is another name for perfection.

FANCY GOODS
At PLAIN PRICES

BEDS	.....	\$1.35 to \$5.00
BUREAUS	.....	3.00 to 50.00
WASH STANDS	.....	2.25 to 25.00
SUITS	.....	6.75 to \$125.00
MATTRESSES	.....	1.00 to 15.00
SPRINGS	.....	1.00 to 6.00
CHAIRS	.....	25c to 10.00

If You Need A Stove
Buy a BUCK. Best in every respect—guaranteed 15 years. We buy in car load lots and cap sell cheap.
\$7.50 to \$27.50

Quality
The signature of the government is no more significant than this name. WE SELL THEM ON EASY TERMS.

A Merrifield Piano
Is as good as a government bond. There is no fluctuation in its nature. The famous name on the fallboard is an absolute guarantee of

A.B. McNOLSON

Rev. Gordon on the Baptist.
 Rev. M. W. Gordon preached an unusually interesting sermon at the Baptist church last Sunday morning. The subject of his discourse being, "Why have a Baptist church in Abbeville?" or "What a Baptist church stands for." He said, in part, that no religious denomination has a moral right to separate existence unless it differs essentially from others. If one church was as good as another, why not all unite and have in Abbeville but one church building and one preacher. But that could not be because the different churches held to different doctrines. The Baptists stand for the New Testament as sufficient rule of faith and practice, while many other churches founded their beliefs on creeds, catechisms and the theories of men. Baptists also stand for a regenerated church membership. The New Testament idea of a church is a local assemblage of baptized believers. There was no authority in the Bible for "joining the church, then get religion." And the Baptists stand for believers baptism. "Then they that gladly received the word were baptized, and the same day there were added unto them (that is the church) about three thousand souls," Acts 2:41. While some other churches claim baptism to be a saving ordinance the Baptists do not, but simply claim that it is an "answer of good conscience," to be administered only to those who have been converted. Baptists stand for immersion in water as the only scriptural baptism. It symbolizes burial and resurrection of Christ, and the Greek word baptizo, admits of no other meaning. Baptists alone stand for the Lord's Supper as a church ordinance. Baptists stand for New Testament church government. "A government of God by the people for the people."
 Mr. Gordon delivered the discourse with much vigor and power and kept the entire attention of his audience through the whole sermon, notwithstanding the oppressive heat of the day.—Abbeville Medium.

Constable Removed.
 Gov. McSweney has discharged Constable Rowell, stationed at Florence. Monday night of last week this constable telegraphed the governor a sensational message from Florence intimating that there was real trouble over there and that he would leave Tuesday. The governor ordered him by wire to report the nature of the trouble, and no reply was given. The telegrams were published Wednesday. Rowell went to Columbia and called on the governor Wednesday morning. The "trouble" was found to be only a little personal matter between the constable and some one else. The governor forthwith removed Rowell from the force for sending sensational telegrams and refusing to explain when ordered to do so.

Hon. Jno. J. Hemphill Invited.
 Hon. John J. Hemphill has been invited to be present and deliver an address at the Woodmen picnic at Filbert on August 1st, and it is probable that he will accept. Mr. Hemphill is an able man and a fluent talker, and that he will make a speech worth going miles to hear goes without saying. His speech will doubtless deal largely with questions now affecting the Democratic party and will be instructive as delivered from the viewpoint of one of the rank and file who for years has been less of a partisan than a dispassionate judge of party men and party issues.—Yorkville Yoman.

Visiting His Old Friends.
 Mr. Porter Hollis has been in Rock Hill greeting his old friends for several days. Mr. Hollis has been attending John Hopkins University in Baltimore, and while here is a guest of Mr. Joe Gaston. Mr. Hollis was four years connected with the city graded school of Rock Hill.—Rock Hill Journal.

Free Trade With Porto Rico.
 WASHINGTON, July 25.—There was issued this morning a proclamation by the president ordering free trade between the United States and Porto Rico, in conformity with the act of congress, approved April 12, 1900, providing for such free trade when the legislative assembly of Porto Rico shall have put in operation a system of local taxation to meet the necessities of the government.

"Toad" Smith Leads.
 The most remarkable wheat yield that has yet been brought to the attention of the Engineer, is to be accredited to Mr. L. I. Smith, who lives about five miles west of Yorkville. Mr. Smith has secured a yield of pretty nearly 50 bushels to one sowed.
 Upon being asked about the circumstances last Friday afternoon, Mr. Smith said that he had not attempted any special preparation of the land, but had it in fairly good fix. He broke up the ground with horses to a one-horse plow, and put in the grain along with 200 pounds of fertilizer to the acre with a drill. He had intended to put in three pecks to the acre; but owing to the clogging of the drill, on account of some obstruction, got in only a half bushel. The patch is generally estimated at three acres; but it is possible that there may be a fraction more.

It is common talk in Mr. Smith's neighborhood, and Mr. Smith corroborates the story, that shortly after the wheat came up, it promised so poorly that he seriously considered the idea of plowing it in and using the land for something else.
 Speaking on the subject Saturday, Mr. J. D. Land said: "And you ought to see that patch now. As soon as he got his wheat off, Mr. Smith planted corn. He got it in the ground on the 10th of June. It is now from knee to waist high, and if the seasons continue favorable the yield ought to be at least 100 bushels on the three acres.—Yorkville Enquirer.

Entertainment at Tirzah.
 Miss Louise McFadden of Chester, Miss Mary Murray of Fort Mill, and Miss Amelia Beckham of Rock Hill, are being entertained by Miss Lillian Massey of Tirzah. As the season continues favorable the yield ought to be at least 100 bushels on the three acres.—Yorkville Enquirer.

Cures Rheumatism or Catarrh through the Blood. Costs Nothing to Try.
 Would you like to get rid of that chronic rheumatism or offensive catarrh forever? Then take a bottle of Botanic Blood Balm, which has cured thousands of hopeless cases that had resisted doctors and patent medicine treatment. Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures through the blood by destroying the poison which causes the awful aches in the bones, joints, shoulder blades and back, swollen glands, hawking, spitting, bad breath, impaired hearing, etc., thus making a perfect cure. Botanic Blood Balm thoroughly tested for 30 years. Composed of pure Botanic Drugs. Perfectly safe to take by old and young. Druggists, \$1. Trial treatment free by writing Botanic Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given until cured. Don't give up hope, but try B. B. B., which makes the blood pure and rich and builds up the "all round," tired body. B. B. B. makes the blood red, giving the skin the rich glow of perfect health.

S. M. JONES & CO'S

20,000 yards Scotch Lawns, former price 5 cts now **3 1/2 c**

20,000 yards Muslin, former price 8 cts now **5c**

10 Patterns of Black Silk Grenadine, former price \$8, now **\$6**

10 Patterns Crepon, former price \$6, now **\$4**

10 Patterns of Figured Chinas, dress style, former price \$7.50, now **\$6**

10 Patterns of Sain Foulards, former price \$9, now **\$6**

Big Store

Big Store

S. M. JONES & CO. - Chester, S. C.

South Carolina Ahead.
 Georgia is gratified at the splendid showing that her next door neighbor, South Carolina, makes in the account of the growth of the textile interests of the country. During the year ended June 30, 1901, South Carolina leads all the states in the increase of cotton spindles. During that period, Georgia also made a very fine showing as did North Carolina and Alabama.
 The latter state was slow in taking advantage of her opportunities for cotton manufacturing, but she has at last gone into the business with a vim and during the past two years has made remarkable strides toward greatness in textile production. Alabama, now has mills which turn out at high class cotton goods as any that are made anywhere in the south and the number of her spindles is increasing very fast. More than 61 per cent of all the new spindles in the United States, that is spindles which have been put in since July 1, 1900, are to be found in the south.

South Carolina has not only led in recent cotton enlargement, but in the extent of her cotton manufactures is excelled by only one state, Massachusetts.
 In 1900 Rhode Island stood second, but South Carolina has passed her.

South Carolina's 1,704,657 spindles in 1900 have increased in one year to 2,185,000, a rate of growth which the textile industry of no other state has ever shown.
 The increasing of cotton spindles and looms for the whole country during the past twelve months was 7 1/2 per cent., but the increase in the south was 16 7/8 per cent.
 The south is marching steadily to the fulfillment of her manifest destiny in cotton manufacturing. It will not be long before she will leave New England behind in this great industry.—Atlanta Journal.

Edgar Poag's Narrow Escape.
 Mr. J. Edgar Poag had quite a narrow escape Wednesday from being run over while crossing the S. C. & G. track near the buggy factory. Other parties have already narrowly escaped at the same point. This matter was some time ago brought to the attention of the officials of the road, and it was promised that the trains would be made to slow down at this crossing. There should be some warning especially when trains come through the cut going west.—Rock Hill Journal.

A Conundrum.
 A gentleman called at a printing office the other day with what he thought was a conundrum, and here it is: "Why is a news paper like a woman?" The various answers: "Because it must have some one to run it," "Because both must be known to be appreciated," "Because both are good advertising mediums," and "because both change their dress." The correct answer is: "Because every man should have one of his own and not be running after his neighbor's."—Ex.

W. H. NEWBOLD,
 Attorney at Law,
 Main St., Opposite Court House,
 CHESTER, S. C.

50 bushels Irish Potatoes for planting second crop, \$1.25 per bushel, money with order, for 10 days.—J. Smith Hardin, Blackstock, S. C.

Farmers' Mutual Fire Ins. Association
 OF CHESTER COUNTY.

Consult the Agent of the Farmers' Mutual Ins. Association before you insure.
 Amount Ins. in force \$212,000.00
 Amt. paid out during 1900 2,567.04
 Amt. paid out during 1901 557.16
 which was 1 1/2 per cent.
 which was 1 1/2 per cent.
 Therefore for three years the average cost per year would be 71 1/3 of 1 per cent, or less than 3/4 of 1 per cent.

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 Prescriptions a Specialty.

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LUMBER
 Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

ALL KINDS OF...
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DATHFINDER
CIGAR
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 ASK THE MAN BEHIND THE CASE
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Dyspepsia Cure
 Digests what you eat.
 It artificially digests the food and aids nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Cramp, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c. and 1c. Large size contains 25 times as much. Sold at all drug stores.
 Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago

VESTIBULED
WEST VIRGINIA
LIMITED
TRAINS
 DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

In Effect May 26, 1901.

	Daily 85	Daily 84
NORTHBOUND		
Lv Savannah, Cent. T.	11:45 pm	2:10 pm
"Columbia, East T.	7:40 am	7:12 pm
Ar Hamlet	7:40	8:08
Lv Calhoun Falls	1:07	1:15
Abbeville	1:27	1:36
"Greenwood	2:01	5:01
Clinton	2:58	5:47
Carlele	3:27	6:53
Chester	4:10	7:08
"Gateway Junction	4:45	7:35
Hamlet	5:10	8:05
Ar Richland	10:37	12:44pm
"Richmond	3:28 pm	6:24 pm
Washington	3:40	7:10 pm
"York	3:40 pm	7:00 pm
Portsmouth Norfolk	9:50 pm	12:55 pm